

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Computer Science (4CP0/2A) Paper 02 Application of Computational Thinking

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question	mp	Answer		Additional Guidance Ma	ark
1(a)	A1	Award one ma	rk for each correct cell:	Input: accept examples of inputs	
	A2			e.g. 10.23 (must be in Figure 1)	
	A3	Input	Debit / Credit / Description	Processing; mark first 3 things	
		Processing	Balance + Credit / Balance - Debit	(ignore extra text) if correct e.g. balance + credit – debit (1)	
		Output	Balance	balance + credit + debit (1) balance – credit (0)	
				accept examples from table e.g.	
				128.35 – 10.23 (1)	
				Output: accept description of	
				formula e.g. subtract debit from	
				balance (1)	3

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
		Award one mark for each of:		
1(b)(i)	B1	This is 5%		1
1(5)(::)	B2	or		
1(b)(ii)	DZ	Accept for C# and Java		1
1/b)/iii)	В3	grossAmt		
1(b)(iii)	D3	netAmt		1
1(b)(iv)	B4	TAX		1
1(b)(v)	B5	inGross		1

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)(i)	C1	Award one mark for:		
		To store a value that will not change (during program execution) (1)		1
1(c)(ii)	C2	Award one mark for any of the following:	MP1 And MP4 are referring to programmer. Do not accept	
		 It is less likely to be changed by accident (translation will error if attempt assignment)(1) 	answers relating to user.	
		 The value only needs to be changed in one place (for maintenance) (1) 		
		 It is easier to read/understand the logic of (1) 		
		 Ensure consistency of value if it has a name rather than the hard- coded same value repeatedly (typo) (1) 		
		Can make code more efficient (optimisation / value stored rather)		
		than reference)		1

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	A1	Award one mark for any of the following up to a maximum of two	Allow characteristics of a specific	
	A2	marks:	library (math, random), if it can	
			be attributed to unique bullets	
		The code in the library has already been		
		debugged/tested/optimised / library code less likely to have	Don't allow quicker/easier/better	
		errors (1)	without a reason being given	
		 May include specialised/proprietary functions (1) 		
		 Library subprograms can be imported into code when needed / 	Accept answers about	
		don't need to write code themselves (to save a programmer	subprograms as candidate may	
		time/work) (1)	have written these themselves	
		 making it more readable / makes code easier to understand 		
		(Code files become shorter)	Line numbers are for guidance –	
			mark answer as a whole	2
2(a)(ii)	A3	The only correct answer is A		
		B is not correct because iteration is not callable and does not return a		
		result.		
		C is not correct because a procedure, while callable, does not return a		
		result.		
		D is not correct because selection is not callable and does not return a		
		result.		1
2(a)(iii)	A4	Award one mark for:		
		A variable that exists/is accessible only in the subprogram/scope		
		in which it is created (1)		1

תח	1
-1	VI.

Question	mp	Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	B1 B2	Award one mark for ea	ach correct row.	Accept all valid values for normal and boundary		
	В3		Adult	Children	Do not accept written numbers	
		Normal	1/2/3/4	1/2/3/4/5/6	(two) as question asks for 'numeric data' – this is testing range, not	
		Boundary	1/4	1/6	data types.	
		Erroneous	Any value <1 or >4	Any value <1 or >6		
				l		3
2(b)(ii)	Awa	rd one mark for each of:		Runtime error (B7) could be fixed		
	D.4			before logic error (B6)		
	B4	Change =+= to +		Applies to all languages		
	B5	Change > to <=		Accept < for <=		
	В6	Charan and an of authors		int in Ctord.	Allow /-1000 as alternative to B6	
		Change order of subtra	action to: requiredveig	/1000 could happen after initial		
	B7	SI 0.1 1000		location e.g. print("Order",		
		Change 0 to 1000			weightNeed/1000, "kilograms)	4

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)	A1 A2	Award one mark for any of the following up to a maximum of two marks:	Line numbers are for guidance – mark answer as a whole	
		 Each column represents a variable/output (1) Rows shows how the values of variables change (as the code is executed) (1) Values are filled in manually/by hand (1) 		2

Question	mp	Answer					Additional Guidance	Marl
3(b)	B1	Award on	Award one mark for each correct cell:				ignore quotes e.g. "State 2"	
	B2		r			1		
	B3		num1	num2	Output			
			88	18	State 2			
			17	18	State 4			
			12	19	State 1			
						-		
								3

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)	Awaı	rd one mark for each of:	C4 should exit loop	
	C1	At least one variable with a suitable variable name	·	
	C2	At least one variable initialised to an appropriate value	Allow C5 if a loop is used to keep asking for a non-negative	
	C3	While loop used to continue running code	exponent	
	C4	Relational test to identify terminating condition for loop	C9 – ignore error message in C6; must have base, exponent, and	
	C5	Selection used to check for negative exponent	answer in output for this mark	
	C6	Appropriate error message if exponent is negative		
	C 7	Calculation of answer using any method		
	C8	A loop used to calculate answer as indicated in flowchart		
	C9	Prompts and output messages are fit for purpose		
	C10	Executing and producing the correct output for anticipated inputs		10

Suggested test data and output				
Base Exponent Output				
0		ends program		
2 0 2 to power of		2 to power of 0 is 1		
3	4	3 to power of 4 is 81		

```
// Initialise variables
int baseNum = 0;
int exponent = 0;
int answer = 1;
String outString = "";
// Display the first prompt and get the base number
Console.Write("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
baseNum = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
// Check if user wants to exit
while (baseNum != 0.0)
    // Display a prompt and get the exponent number
    Console.Write("Enter an exponent number: ");
    exponent = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
    // Check if the exponent is negative
    if (exponent < 0)
        Console.Write("Invalid exponent entered");
    else
        answer = 1;
       // Calculate the answer using exponentiation
        for (int i = 0; i < exponent; i++)
            answer = answer * baseNum;
        // Create a string for the output and show the user
        outString = baseNum.ToString() + " to the power of " +
                    exponent.ToString() + " is " +
                    answer.ToString();
        Console.Write(outString);
    // Display the first prompt again and get the base number
    Console.Write("\nEnter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
    baseNum = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
```

```
// Write your code below this line
// Initialise variables
int baseNum = 0;
int exponent = 0;
int answer = 1;
String outString = "";
Scanner myScanner = new Scanner (System.in);
// Display the first prompt and get the base number
System.out.print("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
baseNum = Integer.parseInt (myScanner.nextLine());
// Check if user wants to exit
while (baseNum != 0.0)
   // Display a prompt and get the exponent number
   System.out.print("Enter an exponent number: ");
   exponent = Integer.parseInt (myScanner.nextLine());
   // Check if the exponent is negative
    if (exponent < 0)
    {
        System.out.println ("Invalid exponent entered");
    else
        answer = 1;
       // Calculate the answer using exponentiation
       for (int i=0; i<exponent; i++)</pre>
            answer = answer * baseNum;
       // Create a string for the output and show the user
        outString = Integer.toString(baseNum) + " to the power of " +
                    Integer.toString(exponent) + " is " +
                    Integer.toString(answer);
        System.out.println(outString);
   // Display the first prompt again and get the base number
    System.out.print("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
    baseNum = Integer.parseInt(myScanner.nextLine());
```

```
# Initialise variables
base = 0
exponent = 0
answer = 1
# Get the first base number
base = int (input ("Enter a base number (0 to exit): "))
# Check if the user wants to exit
while (base != 0):
   # Get the exponent number
    exponent = int (input ("Enter an exponent number: "))
    # Check if the exponent is negative
    if (exponent < 0):
        print ("Invalid exponent entered")
    else:
       # Reset the answer
        answer = 1
        # Calculate the answer using exponentiation
        for count in range (0, exponent):
           answer = answer * base
        # Create a string for the output sentence
        print (str (base) + " to the power of " +
               str (exponent) + " is " +
               str (answer))
    # Get another base number and lp
    base = int (input ("Enter a base number (0 to exit): "))
```

Question	mp	Answer				Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	A1	Award one mark for e	each correct cell:			Allow lower case ciphertext	
	A2						
					-		
		Plaintext	Shift	Ciphertext			
		PIXEL	-4	LETAH			
		CLOUD	+3	FORXG			
					_		2

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	A3	Award two marks for a comparison such as:	can have 1 mark from MP and 1	
	A4		mark from Practical	
		Both produce same result (IQNF)(1) because the shift of -6	e.g. GOLD (+2) = IQNF (1) which	
		followed by +8 is the same as the shift of +2 (1)	would be same result (1)	
		The result is the same (IQNF) (1), but the single shift is more		
		efficient than a double shift (1)		
		Practical explanation:		
		GOLD (-6) = AIFX (+8) = IQNF (1)		
		GOLD (+2) = IQNF (1)		
				2
4(a)(iii)	A5	Award two marks for a linked explanation such as:	identify where error occurred (1)	
	A6		and can <u>explain how</u> error	
		The letter Y has been encrypted incorrectly as the letter V / the letter Y	occurred (1)	
		should have been encrypted to the letter D (1), because the +5 shift did		
		not roll over the end of the alphabet correctly (1)		2

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	Awaı	rd one mark for each of:	B1 does not require casting for	
	B1	Word and 2 numbers input	data types on input	
B2 S		Selection/loop used to check word input	B6 do not accept taking just first	
	В3	Test for word length exactly 2	digit from a string	
	B4	Appropriate error message for invalid string input	B8 is only for print(), key may not	
	B5	Reverse the inputted word, any method	be correct	
	В6	Whole number part of the decimal number generated		
	В7	Correct key generated (concatenation)		
	B8	Key output		8

Suggested test data and output						
word	int	float	Output			
qwe/q			error message			
qw	12	17.89	12wq17			

```
// Create the variables
String myWord = "";
String newWord = "";
int myNum = 0;
double myDecimal = 0.0;
String myKey = "";
int myWhole = 0;
// Take a word as input
Console.Write("Enter a word: ");
myWord = Console.ReadLine();
// Check that the word is correct length
if (myWord.Length == 2)
{
   // Take a whole number as input
    Console.Write("Enter a whole number: ");
    myNum= Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
   // Take a decimal number as input
    Console.Write("Enter a decimal number: ");
    myDecimal = Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
   // Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = myWord[1].ToString() + myWord[0].ToString();
   // Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = (int)myDecimal;
   // Create the new key
    myKey = String.Concat(myNum, newWord, myWhole);
   // Display the new key for the user
    Console.Write("The key is " + myKey);
else
{
   // Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
    Console.WriteLine("Invalid word entered");
```

```
// Write your code below this line
Scanner myScanner = new Scanner (System.in);
// Create the variables
String myWord = "";
String newWord = "";
int myNum = 0;
Double myDecimal = 0.0;
String myKey = "";
int myWhole = 0;
// Take a word as input
System.out.print("Enter a word: ");
myWord = myScanner.nextLine();
// Check that the word is correct length
if (myWord.length() == 2)
    // Take a whole number as input
    System.out.print("Enter a whole number: ");
    myNum = Integer.parseInt(myScanner.nextLine());
    // Take a decimal number as input
    System.out.print("Enter a decimal number: ");
    myDecimal = Double.parseDouble (myScanner.nextLine());
    // Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = Character.toString(myWord.charAt(1)) +
              Character.toString(myWord.charAt(0));
    // Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = myDecimal.intValue();
    // Create the new key
    myKey = myNum + newWord + myWhole;
    // Display the new key for the user
    System.out.println("The key is " + myKey);
else
    // Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
    System.out.println("Invalid word entered");
```

```
# Take a two-letter word as input
myWord = input ("Enter a word: ")
# Check that the word is correct length
if (len (myWord) == 2):
    # Take a whole number as input
    myNum = int (input ("Enter a whole number: "))
    # Take a decimal number as input
    myDecimal = float (input ("Enter a decimal number: "))
    # Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = myWord[1] + myWord[0]
    # Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = int (myDecimal)
    # Create the new key
   myKey = str (myNum) + newWord + str (myWhole)
    # Display the new key for the user
    print (myKey)
# Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
else:
    print ("Invalid word entered")
```

Question	mp	Answer				Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)	A1 A2	Award 1 mark for demons Award 2 marks for correct		We are testing pupils understanding of how a merge sort progresses:			
		Blackfin, Bigeye	Longtail, A	lbacore	Bluefin	Divide and conquer (split)Merging adjacent	
		Longtail, Blackfin, Bi Albacore	geye,		Bluefin	elements Allow answers in ascending order	
		Longtail, B	luefin, Black	fin, Bigeye,	Albacore		
		OR					
		Bigeye	Blackfin, A	lbacore	Longtail, Bluefin		
		Bigeye		Longta	il, Bluefin, Blackfin, Albacore		
		Longtail, B	luefin, Black	fin, Bigeye,	Albacore		
		OR					
		Blackfin, Bigeye	Albaco	ore	Longtail, Bluefin		
		Blackfin, Bigeye		Longtai	l, Bluefin, Albacore		2

Longtail, Bl	uefin, Blackfin, Bige	ye, Albacore	
OR			
Blackfin, Bigeye	Albacore	Longtail, Bluefin]
Blackfin, Bigeye, Alba	core	Longtail, Bluefin]
Longtail, Bl	uefin, Blackfin, Bige	ye, Albacore]

Question	mp	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)	B1 B2	Award one mark for each correct	Ignore spellings		
		Line number with error	11 (1)	Ignore missing text as long as the minimum of [ndx] is provided	
		Corrected line of pseudocode	SET tmp TO myTuna[ndx] (1)	B2 does not depend on B1	
					2

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	Awar	d one mark for each of:	C1 allow append as writing to file	
			C4 Do not award comma within an array	
			C5 must have 1 complete line written to file (allow additional spaces and commas). Should include individual elements (2D index) and not a 1D array from tbl_tuna	
			C6 complete file must be as expected e.g. no additional comma at end of line and no spaces around commas	6

```
// Q05cFINISHED
 3
     using System. IO;
 4
 5
     String[,] tblTuna = {
         { "Yellowfin", "105", "15", "3"},
{ "Albacore", "90", "15", "5"},
{ "Skipjack", "50", "3", "4"},
 6
 7
8
         { "Bigeye", "105", "25", "4"},
9
         { "Atlantic Bonito", "50", "4", "2"},

{ "Northern Bluefin", "190", "120", "11"},

{ "Southern Bluefin", "190", "120", "11"},

{ "Tongol", "90", "20", "4"}
10
11
12
13
14
     };
15
16
17
18
     // ---------
19
    // Write your code below this line
                                             // Output file name
     String fileName = "TunaData.txt";
21
22
     String comma = ",";
                                                 // Use as a constant
     String full_path = "C:\\Q05c";
23
24
     fileName = full path + "\\" + fileName;
25
     // Create variables as needed
26
27
    int number = 101; // Number for the line at the front
     String lineOut = ""; // The line to output
28
29
    // Get the dimensions of the array for looping
    int rows = tblTuna.GetLength(0);
32
    int columns = tblTuna.GetLength(1);
34 // Open the file for writing
35
    StreamWriter fileWriter = new StreamWriter(fileName);
36
```

```
37
    // Process every tuna in the table
                                     // Rows
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
39
40
        // Start with the number and a comma
41
        lineOut = number. ToString() + comma;
42
        for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) // Columns</pre>
43
44
45
            // Add the name and the numbers
46
            lineOut = lineOut + tblTuna[i, j];
47
48
            // Add a comma to all the fields except the last
49
           if (j < columns - 1)
50
51
                lineOut = lineOut + comma;
52
53
        // Write the line to the file
54
55
        fileWriter.WriteLine(lineOut);
56
57
        // Go to the next number for the line
58
        number = number + 1;
59
60
61
    // Close the file
62
   fileWriter.Close();
```

```
// Q05cFINISHED
 2
 3
     import java.io.FileWriter;
 4
    import java.io.IOException;
 5.
    public class Q05cFINISHED {
 6
 7
 8
         public static void main (String[] args) throws Exception {
 9
10
             String[][] tblTuna =
11
                 { "Yellowfin", "105", "15", "3"}, 
{ "Albacore", "90", "15", "5"}, 
{ "Skipjack", "50", "3", "4"},
12
13
14
                 { "Bigeye", "105", "25", "4"},
15
                 { "Atlantic Bonito", "50", "4", "2"},
16
                { "Northern Bluefin","190","120","11"},
{ "Southern Bluefin","190","120","11"},
17
1.8
19
                  { "Tongol", "90", "20", "4"}
20
            };
21
23
             // Write your code below this
                                                      // Output file name
24
             String fileName = "TunaData.txt";
25
             String comma = ",";
                                                       // Use as a constant
             String full path = "C:\\src\\q05c";
25
27
             fileName = full path + "\\" + fileName;
28
29
             // Create variables as needed
             37
             String linefeed = "\n";
                                          // Use as a constant
32
33
34
             // Get the dimensions of the array for looping
35
             int rows = tblTuna.length;
36
            int columns = tblTuna[0].length;
37
3.8
             // Open the file for writing
39
             FileWriter fileWriter = new FileWriter(fileName);
4.0
```

```
// Process every tuna in the table
for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)</pre>
41
42
                                                 // Rows
43
              {
44
                  // Start with the number and a comma
                  lineOut = Integer.toString(number) + comma;
45
46
47
                  for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) // Columns</pre>
48
49
                      // Add the name and the numbers
                      lineOut = lineOut + tblTuna[i][j];
51
                      // Add a comma to all the fields except the last
53
                      if (j < columns - 1)
54
                      {
55
                          lineOut = lineOut + comma;
56
                      }
57
                      else
58
                      {
                          lineOut = lineOut + linefeed;
59
                      }
61
62
                  // Write the line to the file
63
                  fileWriter.write(lineOut);
64
65
                  // Go to the next number for the line
66
                  number = number + 1;
67
             }
68
69
              // Close the file
             fileWriter.close();
         }
73
```

```
# OO5cFINISHED
 2
 3
     tbl tuna = [["Yellowfin", 105, 15, 3],
              ["Albacore", 90, 15, 5],
 4
                ["Skipjack",50,3,4],
 5
 6
                ["Bigeye", 105, 25, 4],
 9
                ["Atlantic Bonito", 50,4,2],
                ["Northern Bluefin", 190, 120, 11],
 8
                ["Southern Bluefin", 190, 120, 11],
 9
10
                ["Tongol",90,20,4]]
11
     # ----------
12
13
     # Write your code below this line
14
15
    FILE OUT = "TunaData.txt"
                                     # Output file name
16
   COMMA = ","
                                      # Use as constant
17
18 # Create variables as needed
19 LINEFEED = "\n"
   number = 101
                                     # Number at the front
21
   line out = ""
                                     # The line to write
22
23
    # Open the file for writing
24
   file = open (FILE OUT, "w")
25
26 # Process every tuna in the table
27 for tuna in tbl tuna:
28
        # Start with the number and a comma
29
        line out = str (number) + COMMA
31
        # Add the name of the tuna and a comma
32
        line out = line out + tuna[0] + COMMA
33
34
        # Each of the numbers need to be converted to a string
        # before adding to the output string.
36
        line out = line out + str (tuna[1]) + COMMA
37
        line out = line out + str (tuna[2]) + COMMA
38
        line out = line out + str (tuna[3]) # No comma on last field
39
40
        # Add a line feed to the whole line
        line out = line out + LINEFEED
41
42
43
        # Write the line to the file
44
       file.write (line out)
45
        # Go to the next number for the line
46
47
        number = number + 1
48
49 # Close the file
50 file.close ()
```

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6	Awar	d one mark for each of:		
	A1	Any variable for tracking best breed	Initial values could be the first breed in the table	
	A2	A loop to all items in an array	The same index can be used across all the individual arrays, regardless of loop type	
	А3	Daily volume calculation is volume * count	Disregard accuracy of indexing	
	A4	Rows of arrays are displayed	Disregard presence/lack of calculated daily volume	
	A5	Total volume calculated correctly by any method		
	A6	Relational operators used to compare rating and daily volume		
	A7	Boolean operator/nested selection used to combine tests		
	A8	Add calculated daily volume to the new data structure		
	A9	Description of data fields displayed (no alignment required)		
	A10	Recommended breed identified correctly	by any method except hard- coded	
	A11	Outputted information is fit for purpose and suitable for the audience		11

Award up t	o a maximum of nine marks using the	he levels-based mark scheme below.		Mark
Band 0	Band 1 (1-3 marks)	Band 2 (4-6 marks)	Band 3 (7-9 marks)	IVIAIK
	Little attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	Some attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	The problem has been decomposed into component parts	
±	Some parts of the logic are clear and appropriate to the problem	Most parts of the logic are clear and mostly appropriate to the problem	The logic is clear and appropriate to the problem	
dable content	Some appropriate use and manipulation of data types, variables, data structures and program constructs	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is mostly appropriate	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is appropriate	
No rewardable	Parts of the code are clear and readable	Code is mostly clear and readable	Code is clear and readable	
No	Finished program will not be flexible enough with other data sets or input	Finished program will function with some but not all other data sets or input	Finished program could be used with other data sets or input	
	The program meets some of the given requirements	The program meets most of the given requirements	The program fully meets the given requirements	(9)

```
// OO6FINISHED
     string[] tbl_breed = { "Red Chittagong", "Sussex", "Dexter",
    4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
                                22.0, 15.2, 21.0, 18.3,
                                19.0, 9.0, 23.1, 16.0 };
     double[] tbl dailyVolume = {0.0, 0.0, 0,0, 0,0,
13
                                    0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,
14
                                     0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
15
16
     // Write your code below this line
18
19
     const String SPACE = " ";
                                             // Just for reading
21
     // Variables for indexing and totals
     double totalVolume = 0.0;
23
     double todayVolume = 0.0;
24
25
    // Variables for outputting
26
    string outString = "";
27
28
     // Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
29
     int maxIndex = 0;
     // Display a message to describe the data fields
     Console.WriteLine ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)");
33
34
    // Process every breed of cow
    for (int i = 0; i < tbl breed.Length; i++)
36
        // Calculate volume per day
        todayVolume = tbl_volume[i] * tbl_count[i];
39
40
        // Add today's volume to the daily volume table
41
       tbl dailyVolume[i] = todayVolume;
42
        // Display the row of information for this breed
43
44
        outString = tbl breed[i] + SPACE +
                    tbl_rating[i].ToString() + SPACE +
45
46
                    tbl volume[i].ToString() + SPACE +
47
                    tbl count[i]. ToString() + SPACE +
       tbl_dailyVolume[i].ToString();
Console.WriteLine(outString);
48
49
        // Keep a running total of milk production
        totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume;
54
        // Test for a best breed
        if ((tbl rating[i] <= tbl rating[maxIndex]) &</pre>
            (tbl volume[i] >= tbl volume[maxIndex]))
           maxIndex = i;
59
        1
60
51
    // Display the total volume of milk in a day
outString = "Total: " + totalVolume.ToString() + " litres";
63
64
    Console.WriteLine(outString);
66
    // Display the recommended breed
    outString = "Recommended breed: " + tbl breed[maxIndex] +
67
                " rating: " + tbl_rating[maxIndex].ToString() +
" volume: " + tbl_volume[maxIndex];
    Console.WriteLine(outString);
```

```
// QO6FINISHED
    public class Q06FINISHED
 4
 5
        static final String SPACE = " ";
                                                    // Just for reading
 6
7 8
        public static void main(String[] args)
            9
14
            22.0, 15.2, 21.0, 18.3, 19.0, 9.0, 23.1, 16.0 };
double [] tbl_dailyVolume = {0.0, 0.0, 0,0, 0,0,
16
                                        0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,
0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
18
19
21
            // Write your code below this line
23
24
            // Variables for indexing and totals
            double totalVolume = 0.0;
26
27
            double todayVolume = 0.0;
28
            // Variables for outputting
29
            String outString = "";
30
31
           // Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
           int maxIndex = 0;
34
           // Display the titles in a table
            System.out.println ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)");
36
```

```
// Process every breed of cow
38
             for (int i = 0; i < tbl breed.length; i++)
39
            {
40
                 // Calculate volume per day
                 todayVolume = tbl volume[i] * tbl count[i];
41
42
43
                 // Add today's volume to the daily volume table
44
                 tbl dailyVolume[i] = todayVolume;
45
                 // Display the row of information for this breed
46
47
                 outString = tbl breed[i] + SPACE +
48
                             Integer.toString(tbl rating[i]) + SPACE +
49
                             String.valueOf(tbl volume[i]) + SPACE +
                             Integer.toString(tbl_count[i]) + SPACE +
                             String.valueOf(tbl dailyVolume[i]);
                 System.out.println (outString);
52
53
54
                 // Keep a running total of milk production
55
                 totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume;
56
57
                 // Test for a best breed
58
                if ((tbl_rating[i] <= tbl_rating[maxIndex]) &</pre>
59
                         (tbl_volume[i] >= tbl_volume[maxIndex]))
60
61
                     maxIndex = i;
62
                 }
63
            1
64
65
            // Display the total volume of milk in a day
            outString = "Total: " + Double.toString(totalVolume) + " litres";
66
            System.out.println (outString);
67
68
69
            // Display the recommended breed
            outString = "Recommended breed; " + tbl breed[maxIndex] +
                         " rating: " +
                         Integer.toString(tbl rating[maxIndex]) +
                         " volume: " +
70
                         Double.toString(tbl volume[maxIndex]);
            System.out.println (outString);
76
          1
```

```
# QO6FINISHED
2
     tbl breed = ["Red Chittagong", "Sussex", "Dexter", "Abondance",
3
                  "Sahiwal", "Vorderwald", "Ayrshire", "Jersey",
4
                  "Randall", "Alderney", "Carora", "Gloucester"]
5
     tbl_rating = [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2]
tbl_count = [6, 3, 8, 7, 6, 4, 3, 7, 3, 3, 4, 7]
6
7
     tbl_volume = [7.5, 5,7, 11.4, 11,4,
8
9
                   22.0, 15.2, 21.0, 18.3,
IO.
                   19.0, 9.0, 23.1, 16.0]
11
     tbl dailyVolume = []
12
13
     # Write your code below this line
14
15
16
     # Variables for indexing and totals
17
     index = 0
     totalVolume = 0.0
18
19
    # Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
21
     maxIndex = 0
22
23
     # Display a message to describe the data fields
24
     print ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)")
25
26
     # Process every breed of cow
27
     for index in range (len (tbl breed)):
28
         # Calculate volume per day
29
         todayVolume = tbl volume[index] * tbl count[index]
30
31
         # Add today's volume to the daily volume table
32
         tbl dailyVolume.append (todayVolume)
33
34
         # Display the row of information for this breed
35
         print (tbl breed[index],tbl rating[index],
36
                tbl volume[index], tbl count[index], tbl dailyVolume[index])
37
38
         # Keep a running total of milk production
39
         totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume
40
41
         # Test for a best breed
42
         if ((tbl rating[index] <= tbl rating[maxIndex]) and</pre>
43
                      (tbl volume[index] >= tbl volume[maxIndex])):
             maxIndex = index
44
45
     Display the total volume of milk in a day
46
     layout = "Total: () litres"
1.7
48
     print (layout.format (totalVolume))
49
50
     # Display the recommended breed
51
     print ("Recommended breed: " + tbl breed[maxIndex],
52
            "rating: " + str(tbl rating[maxIndex]),
53
            "volume " + str(tbl_volume[maxIndex]))
```